NUTRITIONAL CARE IS A HUMAN RIGHT

The International Declaration on the Human Right to Nutritional Care "Vienna Declaration"

Endorsed by the four major international Clinical Nutrition Societies ASPEN, ESPEN, FELANPE and PENSA in conjunction with representatives of patients' associations (EPF), dietitians (EFAD), and a global network of more than 70 national Societies.

RIGHT TO FOOD
the right to adequate food and the right to freedom from hunger and malnutrition

RIGHT TO NUTRITIONAL CARE
Screening for malnutrition
Diagnosis and assessment of DRM
Food and evidence-based medical nutrition therapy (including ANH)

RIGHT TO HEALTH
the right to the enjoyment of the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health

AIMS
1. Promote the recognition of the human right to nutritional care for all people with or at risk for disease-related malnutrition, and the respect for human dignity in accordance with international laws on human rights and bioethics.

2. Provide a frame of reference whose principles serve as the basis to the future development of actions plans from Clinical and Scientific Societies and any stakeholders in clinical nutrition.

3. Define core values, goals, and principles to enhance the quality of care in clinical nutrition and to raise awareness of disease-related malnutrition and of the lack of nutritional care access.

PRINCIPLES
1. Fulfillment of the right to nutritional care
   Public health policy must make the fulfillment of the right to nutritional care a fundamental axis in the fight against disease-related malnutrition.

2. Clinical Nutrition Education & Research
   Clinical nutrition education and research are a fundamental axis of the respect and the fulfillment of the right to nutritional care.

3. Ethical principles and values
   Ethical principles and values in clinical nutrition including justice and equity in nutritional care access are basis for the right to nutritional care.

4. Institutional culture
   Nutritional care requires an institutional culture that follows ethical principles and values and an interdisciplinary approach.

5. Patient empowerment
   Patient empowerment is a key enabler to necessary action to optimize nutritional care.